constant research and precision manufacture for

# BETTER COMMUNICATIONS



COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURE . COMMUNICATION DESIGN ENGINEERING

COMMUNICATION DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING

COMMUNICATION FIELD ENGINEERING . COMMUNICATION RESEARCH ENGINEERING

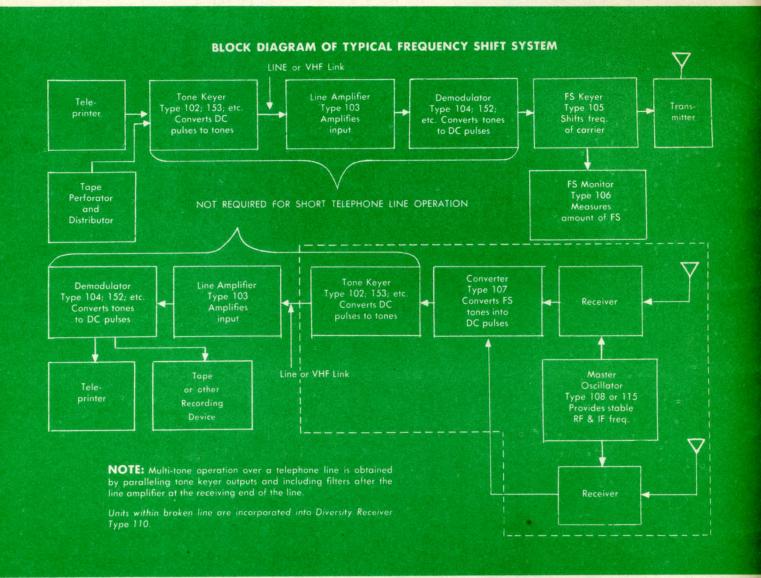
- Radio Multiplex Systems
  - Multi-Channel Tone Systems
    - Diversity Receivers
      - Standard Frequency Shift Keyers
        - Low Frequency Shift Keyers
          - Frequency Shift Converters
            - Tone Filters
              - Demodulators
                - Tone Keyers
                  - Line Amplifiers
                    - Monitors
                      - Master Oscillators



# **Complete Communications Engineering Service**

Northern Radio Company, Inc. specializes in the engineering of communications systems. These systems can be furnished complete, including all terminal equipment, line channelizing systems, transmitters, receivers and antennas, designed specifically for point-to-point communications. We solicit your inquiries regarding this service.

Each unit in the Northern Radio Company line was designed, in cooperation with both government and commercial operating agencies, to fill the needs of the communications industry, and all are enjoying world-wide acceptance and application as outstanding performers in the field.





TYPE 105, MODEL 4



# FREQUENCY SHIFT KEYER

**PURPOSE:** The Frequency Shift Keyer, Type 105 Model 4A with its Power Supply, Type 105 Model 4B, is a very high stability radio frequency oscillator which provides a means for shifting an RF carrier in accordance with the intelligence. This exciter replaces the crystal oscillator in a transmitter and produces "Mark" and "Space" carrier shift for transmission of teleprinter or telegraph signals or a linear carrier shift for transmission of F.M. telephone, facsimile or telephoto.

**DESCRIPTION:** The Frequency Shift Keyer is composed of five main sections, a keying circuit, reactance tube, shifted oscillator, crystal oscillator, modulator, and power amplifier. A keying signal, passing through the keying stage is limited in amplitude and then fed to the balanced reactance tube oscillator where it is used to vary the frequency in accordance with the applied intelligence. This shifted frequency is heterodyned with the output from the crystal oscillator in the modulator stage and the sum frequency is used to drive the power amplifier.

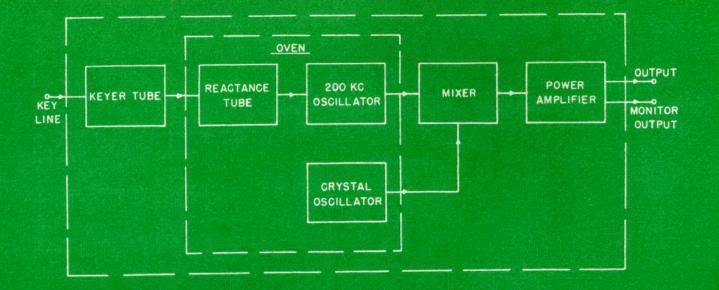
Present-day high-speed telegraph and teleprinter radio communication systèms, especially multi-channel systems where separation *must* be maintained, require a higher degree of stability than previously required. To meet these requirements, concentrated effort has been given to the engineering design of the Type 105 Model 4 crystal oven. Optimum conditions of heat distribution, temperature control and mechanical and electrical operation are incorporated.

#### The new and novel features found in this unit are as follows:

- 1. Frequency shift dial, adjusts "mark" and "space" frequencies equally above and below the carrier position, which remains fixed.
- 2. Simplified Frequency setting makes only the upper sideband tuning indication visible on the meter over substantially all of the tuning range.
- 3. Direct reading frequency calibration of shift from 0 to 1000 cps.
- 4. Direct reading frequency calibration of mixer and output tuning dials from 2.5 to 6.7 mc.
- 5. Direct reading calibration of output frequency vernier ± 600 cps.
- 6. Pulse shaping circuit to permit operation within assigned bandwidth, with no adjacent channel radiation.
  - Highly stable temperature controlled oven with temperature control of ± 0.1°C. at 60° with heaters on 4 sides of inner oven.
    - 8. Component ratings according to JAN specs. provides greater assurance of trouble-free operation.
      - 9. Linear carrier shift up to 1000 cycles in the operating range from 2.5 to 6.7 mc.

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# TECHNICAL DATA

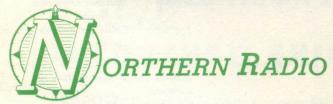
# NORTHERN RADIO FREQUENCY SHIFT KEYER

Type 105, Model 4

| Output Frequency   | 2.5 to 6.7 megacycles  |                     | 6. Mixer Tuning Dial, cali-                       |
|--------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| Range:             | Adjustable from 0 to 1000 cps;                               |                     | brated in mcs 7. Output Tuning Dial, cali-        |
| Frequency Shift:   | this one control adjusts "mark"                              |                     | brated in mcs                                     |
|                    | and "space" frequencies simul-                               | Power Supply        | brated in mes                                     |
|                    | taneously and symetrically as                                | Tower suppry        | 1. Power Switch                                   |
|                    | mentioned on preceding page                                  |                     |   |
| Output Power:      | 3 watts into 50 to 75 ohms                                   | Metering:           | 1. PA plate current indicated by<br>0-50 ma meter |
| Monitor Output:    | 90-120 millivolts across 50 to 75                            |                     | 2. Oven thermometer 58° to 62°C                   |
| Montor Carpan      | ohms   |                     |   |
| Keving Signal:     | o volts for space (lower) fre-                               | Power Requirements: | Frequency 50/60 cps                               |
| ne, mg organi      | quency and +15 to +150 volts                                 |                     | Voltage 115 V. ± 10% or 230<br>V. ± 10%           |
|                    | for mark (higher) frequency                                  |                     | Power Input at 115 volts                          |
| Input Impedance:   | 120,000 ohms, Keying or Fax.                                 |                     | 270 watts oven heater on                          |
|                    |  |                     | 110 watts oven heater off                         |
| Keying Speed:      | 150 dot cycles per second                                    | Tube Complement:    |   |
| Overall Stability: | 1. 10 cps for ambient range                                  | K                   | eyer  |
|                    | from 0°C. to +50°C. (mark                                    | 1—6SN7              | Crystal Oscillator-Buffer                         |
|                    | and space frequencies)                                       | 1—6SN7              | Frequency Shift Oscillator                        |
|                    | 2. 25 cps for line voltage variation of ± 10% (mark and      | 1—6SN7              | Reactance Tube                                    |
|                    | space frequencies)   | 2—6SA7              | Modulator Amplifiers Power Amplifier              |
|                    | 3. 2 cps for input signal volt-                              | 1—2E26<br>1—6SN7    | Keying Tube                                       |
|                    | ages from +15 volts to                                       |                     |   |
|                    | +150 volts (mark frequency)                                  |                     | wer Supply  |
| Varian Diag.       | Not greater than 5.0% at any                                 | 1—5U4G<br>1—6X5GT   | High Voltage Rectifier Bias Voltage Rectifier     |
| Reyling Blas:      | keying speed up to 150 dot                                   |                     | R105 Voltage Regulator                            |
|                    | cycles per second  | 1—OA3/V             |   |
| Crystal Frequency: | Transmitting freq.   | Fuses: (In Power    |   |
|                    | multiplication factor —200 kc                                | Supply)             | 1—1.5 A. 250 V. 3AG Size,                         |
| 6 -1 11-14         |  |                     | Keyer fuse  |
| Crystal Holder:    | Similar and equal to Premier PL218 or Bliley MC7–(3 sockets) |                     | 1—2 A. 250 V. 3AG Size,                           |
| 6 . 1 6 - 1        | 3 crystal sockets are provided                               |                     | "Oven heat" fuse                                  |
| Crystal Sockets:   | with an associated switch                                    | Net weight:         | Power Supply: approx. 23 lbs.                     |
| O T                | 60°C held constant within                                    |                     | Keyer: approx. 35 lbs.                            |
| Oven, Temperature: | ±0.1°C   | Shipping Weight:    | Complete Unit: approx. 88 lbs.                    |
| Consolor           |  | Dimensions:         |   |
| Controls:          | 1. Plate Switch  |                     | wide, 9" deep                                     |
|                    | 2. Crystal Selector Switch                                   |                     | Keyer: 101/2" high, 19" wide,                     |
|                    | 3. Test Switch   |                     | 11" deep  |
|                    | 4. Frequency Adjustment Dial,                                | Mounting:           |   |
|                    | calibrated in cps  | Auxiliaries:        | One inter-connecting cable six                    |
|                    | 5. Shift Control Dial, calibrated                            |                     | feet long with spade type lugs.                   |
|                    | in cps   |                     | One primary power cord.                           |



TYPE 115 MODEL 1



### VARIABLE MASTER OSCILLATOR

**PURPOSE:** Designed principally for use in diversity reception to supply local common oscillator injection voltage to the receiver. Its variable frequency is designed to give stability equivalent to that obtained by non-temperature controlled crystal oscillators. It is also provided with crystal controlled oscillator for operation of diversity receivers where fixed frequencies are required. This unit may also be used as a transmitter exciter or for laboratory measuring purposes. The entire unit is adequately shielded to eliminate interference with adjacent receiving systems.

**DESCRIPTION:** The Type 115 Model 1 Oscillator consists of a high frequency variable oscillator, covering the range of 2 to 4 mc, followed by buffers and multipliers to provide output from 2 to 32 mc.

A low frequency crystal oscillator provides for receiver BFO operation. The output levels of each oscillator can be adjusted to suit any usual requirement. Three coaxial connectors for each of the RF and IF oscillators are provided. Local 100 KC crystal is provided for spot calibration of variable HF oscillator. A crystal oscillator is provided to cover the range of 2-4 mc, and is switched in, in place of the variable oscillator, by a front panel switch to provide choice of 3 fixed frequencies in the 2-32 mc range.

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### NORTHERN RADIO VARIABLE MASTER OSCILLATOR

Type 115, Model 1

| HF OSCILLATOR |  |
|---------------|--|
|---------------|--|

Variable HFO output

2-32 Mc. continuous frequency: .....

Crystal Frequencies: 2-4 Mc. for output frequencies

of 2-32 Mc.

Crystal Holders: Premier type PL218

(3 crystals)

1/8" pin 3/4" center-center

Output Impedance: 75 ohm coaxial

2 Watts 2-4 Mc. 0.5 watt 4-32 Mc. Output Level: ....

Sinusoidal for all output fre-Output Voltage:

quencies.

Output Connection: ... Amphenol Female 83-IR Co-

axial (3)

BF OSCILLATOR

Frequency Range: 450-475 KC

Crystal Holders: Premier PL218 (2 crystals)

Output Level: 3.5 volts across 1000 ohms,

level control on rear of chassis

Output Connections: ..... Amphenol Female 83-1R (3)

coaxial

Controls: 1. Primary power switch

2. HFO on-offswitch

3. HFO crystal-MO switch

4. HFO crystal frequency ad-

justment

5. Frequency Range switch

6. Output frequency control

7. Calibrator on-off switch

8. Output tuning

9. Meter selector switch

10. BFO on-off switch

11. HFO output level control

Rear Chassis:

1. BFO crystal selector

2. BFO output level control

Primary Power: 110/220 volts 50/60 cycles

(approximately200 watts)

Mounting: Standard 19"rack

19" wide x 101/2" high x 14" Dimensions:

deep

Weight: Net 54 lbs.

Tube Complement: 1—12AU7 HF Crystal Oscil-

lator and buffer

1-6C4 HFO oscillator

Frequency multi-

3-6AQ5 pliers

1-6AQ5 HF buffer amplifier

1-OA2 Voltage regulator

1-5Y3GT Rectifier

BFO and buffer 1-12AU7

1-6BE6 Calibrator

Variable Oscillator 1-6C4

Buffer 1-6C4 Calibrator output

amplifier

HFO Calibration: HFO Variable Oscillator cali-

bration check against 100 KC

oscillator

#### STABILITY

Frequency stability of HF variable oscillator: ±20 cps/mc for ambient change of +25 or -25 (from 0° to 50° C.) for any 8 hour period

5 cps/mc ± 10% line voltage change.

Effect of tube changes: 50 cps/mc average

150 cps/mc maximum

Resettability 20 cps/mc to previously cali-

brated frequency

Readability: 20 cps/mc

Calibration: Calibration curves provided

have readability within 50

cps/mc

Calibration check: A built in, high stability, 0.1

mc crystal provides check points

for HFO calibration

Plate currents and output levels Metering:

by 21/2" square meter. Oven temperature read on mercury

column thermostat.





TYPE 107 MODEL 2



# FREQUENCY SHIFT CONVERTER

**PURPOSE:** The Northern Radio Company Frequency Shift Converter Type 107 Model 2 is used in radio-teleprinter frequency shift receiving systems to convert the mark and space tones from the output of two diversity receivers into DC pulses capable of operating a teletypewriter, tape recorder or any device requiring DC pulses. The unit may also be used for reception of make and break CW signals.

**DESCRIPTION:** The Type 107 Model 2 Converter is a dual channel unit for use with dual diversity or single receiver systems. In each channel the received audio tones are limited, amplified, discriminated and rectified. The channels are then diversity combined, and the resultant is fed into push-pull DC amplifiers. The DC output is either polar or neutral, as desired.

Foremost among the many features of this equipment is its ease of operation. Some of the other features are as follows:

- **a.** Two limiter tubes provide between 50 to 60 db of limiting in each channel.
- **b.** The 2" oscilloscope pattern permits tuning the receiver and converter for maximum performance, either in stand-by, or while keying, in a matter of seconds.
- C. Tone amplification after discrimination permits high level discriminator rectifier output with corresponding improvement in signal-to-noise performance.
- **d.** The high level DC pulse signals are limited so that drift or variations of shift of the incoming signal can be tolerated to a considerable degree.

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# TECHNICAL DATA

# NORTHERN RADIO FREQUENCY SHIFT CONVERTER

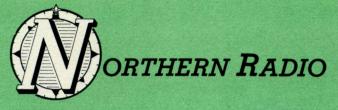
Type 107, Model 2

| Input Impedance:              | 600 ohms  |  |  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Input Level:                  | —20 to +30 VU (0 VU equals 1 mw)  |  |  |
| Input Frequency Shift Limits: | 100 to 1000 cps frequency shift.  |  |  |
| Output:                       | <ol> <li>Polar DC pulses of 60 ma in 1800 ohm external load; one side grounded.</li> <li>Neutral DC pulses of plus or minus 30 ma in 1800 ohm load; center grounded.</li> </ol> |  |  |
|                               | 3. May be operated into any impedance from 100 to 100,000 ohms.   |  |  |
| Keying Speed:                 | Up to 600 words-per-minute.   |  |  |
| Tuning Indicator:             | Two inch cathode ray tube.  |  |  |
| Metering:                     | Load current metered on zero center milliammeter  |  |  |
| Controls:                     |   |  |  |
|                               | 1. Primary power switch   |  |  |
|                               | 2. Sense switch   |  |  |
|                               | 3. Monitoring switch  |  |  |
|                               | 4. Monitor Intensity  |  |  |
|                               | 5. Monitor Focus 6. Discriminator Tuning  |  |  |
|                               | 7. Channel #1 On/Off switch   |  |  |
|                               | 8. Channel #2 On/Off switch   |  |  |
|                               | 9. Polar-Neutral switch   |  |  |
|                               | 10. Output current control  |  |  |
|                               | 11. FS-CW switch  |  |  |
|                               | 12. Monitor Centering Controls.   |  |  |
|                               | Rear of Chassis:  |  |  |
|                               | 1. Load current reverse switch  |  |  |
|                               | 2. Keying Speed Switch  |  |  |
| Power Requirements:           | 110/220 volts, plus or minus 20%<br>50/60 cycles.   |  |  |
|                               |   |  |  |
| Mounting:                     |   |  |  |
| Mounting Space:               | 19" wide x 7" high x 15" deep   |  |  |
| Weight:                       |   |  |  |
| Tube Complement:              | 2-6SN7 Tone Amplifiers 2-6SL7GT Limiter Amplifiers  |  |  |
|                               | 4-6H6GT/G Discriminator Rectifiers  |  |  |
|                               | 4-5W4 or 5Y3GT Power Supply Rectifiers  |  |  |
|                               | 1-2AP1-A Tuning Indicator   |  |  |
|                               | 2-6SL7 DC Amplifiers  |  |  |
|                               | 2-6L6 Output Amplifiers   |  |  |



Monitoring Rectifier

1-6H6



# RECEIVER

The basic Type 110 Model 5 Receiver is an integral assembly of the following equipment:

- 1. Two Specially designed Receivers with self-contained power supplies, Type 159.
- 2. One Master Crystal Oscillator, Type 108.
- 3. One IF monitoring panel, Type 111.
- 4. One Modulation Selector Panel, Type 112.

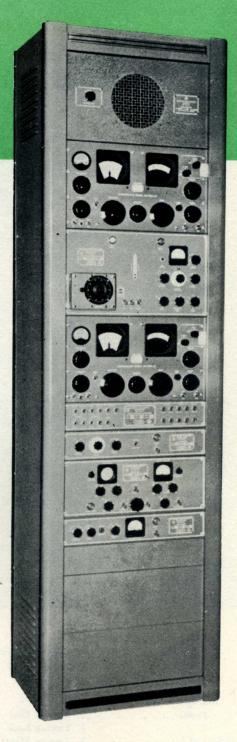
To the foregoing may be added, depending upon the service:

- 5. One Frequency Shift Converter, Type 107. and/or
- 6. One Demodulator Unit, Type 104. and/or
- 7. One Tone Keyer, Type 102.

The Master Crystal Oscillator Type 108 may be replaced by a Variable Master Oscillator Type 115.

The high frequency and beat frequency oscillators of each receiver are supplied by the Master Oscillator so that reliable operation is secured without the necessity of periodic retuning of these units. This feature is particularly useful when conditions warrant the use of crystal filters in the receiving units, or when frequency-shift signals are received. Provision is made to operate the receiver units separately with their self-contained variable oscillators in a conventional manner

where diversity reception is not desired.



TYPE 110, MODEL 5

MONITORS TONE FILTERS MASTER OSCILLATORS RADIO MULTIPLEX SYSTEMS FREQUENCY SHIFT CONVERTERS **MULTI-CHANNEL TONE SYSTEMS** FREQUENCY SHIFT KEYERS DIVERSITY RECEIVERS LINE AMPLIFIERS **DEMODULATORS** 

TONE KEYERS

# TECHNICAL DATA

(RECEIVER ONLY)

# NORTHERN RADIO DUAL DIVERSITY RECEIVER

Type 110, Model 5,

| Frequency Range:       |  |  |                         |             | Band Ch    |  |
|------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|-------------|------------|--|
|                        | cycles in six b  | ands.  |                         |             | Selectivit | A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR |
|                        | Band 1   | .54 to 1.35 mc   |                         |             | Phasing    |  |
|                        | Band 2   | 1.35 to 3.45 mc  |                         |             |            | quency Oscillator  |
|                        | Band 3   | 3.45 to 7.40 mc  |                         | 8.          | Noise Lin  | miter Switch   |
|                        | Band 4   | 7.40 to 14.8 mc  |                         | 9.          | Send-Rec   | eive Switch  |
|                        | Band 5   | 14.80 to 29.7 mc   |                         | 10.         | AVC-Ma     | nual Switch  |
|                        | Band 6   | 29.70 to 54.0 mc   |                         | 11.         | R.F. Gair  | Control  |
|                        |  |  |                         | 12.         | Audio G    | ain Control  |
| Output:                |  |  |                         | 13.         | HFO Loc    | cal-External Switch  |
| Max. Undistorted       |  |  |                         | 14.         | AVC Ext    | ernal-Internal BFO   |
| Output:                | Approximatel   | y 2.5 watts.   | Rear:                   | 15.         | AVC Loc    | al-Diversity Switch  |
|                        |  |  |                         |             |            | Oscillator Switch  |
| Impedance:             | 600 ohme bal   | anced split wind.  |                         | 17.         | I.F. Gain  | Control  |
| Impedance:             |  | anced, spire wind-   |                         |             |            |  |
|                        | ing.   |  |                         |             |            |  |
| Phone Jack winding:    | Delivers 15 n  | nilliwatts into an   | Power Requirements:     | 110         | /220       | lts 50/60 gycles   |
|                        |  | sistive load, when   | Power Requirements.     |             |            | ly 500 watts.  |
|                        | the audio ou   | itput to the 600   |                         | app         | roximate   | ly 500 watts.  |
|                        | ohm power le   | oad is adjusted to   |                         |             |            |  |
|                        | 500 milliwatts   |  |                         |             |            |  |
|                        |  | 1  | Individual Receiver     |             |            |  |
| Performance:           |  |  |                         | V1          | 6BA6       | 1st RF Amplifier   |
| (Approx. values)       |  |  | Tube Complement.        | V2          | 6BA6       | 2nd RF Amplifier   |
| Sensitivity:           | 2.3 microv   | olts or better,  |                         | V4          | 616        | High Frequency   |
|                        | throughout   | entire frequency   |                         | V4          | 0,0        | Oscillator   |
|                        | the state of the s | signal to noise  |                         | ***         | (DEC       | 1st Mixer  |
|                        | power ratio o  |  |                         |             | 6BE6       |  |
|                        | Pont   |  |                         |             | 6BE6       | 2nd Detector   |
| Image Rejection        |  |  |                         |             | 6BA6       | Gate   |
| Ratio:                 | Better than 8  | 0 db. throughout   |                         |             | 12AU7      | 3.5 MC Oscillator  |
|                        | entire frequen   | ncy range.   |                         |             | 6BA6       | 1st IF Amplifier   |
|                        |  |  |                         | 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 6BA6       | 2nd IF Amplifier   |
|                        | 2700 . 1 . (   | 00 VC  |                         |             | 6BA6       | Driver   |
| I.F. Rejection Ratio:  | 2700 to 1 at 6   | 500 KC.  |                         | V12         | 6BA6       | Buffer   |
|                        |  |  |                         | V13         | 6J6        | Beat Frequency   |
| AVC Action:            | Will maintain  | output constant  |                         |             |            | Oscillator   |
|                        | within 12 db   | o. when input is   |                         | V14         | 6AL5       | 2nd Detector and   |
|                        | increased fro  | m 2 to 200,000   |                         |             |            | AVC  |
|                        | microvolts.  |  |                         | V15         | 6AL5       | Limiter & Output<br>Meter  |
|                        |  |  |                         | 3716        | 124777     |  |
| Dimensions:            | 19" relay rack   | cabinet (84" high  | A DESCRIPTION OF STREET | V16         | 12AU/      | Cathode Follower   |
|                        | x 25" wide x   | The state of the s |                         |             |            | & Audio  |
|                        |  |  |                         |             | <i>(</i>   | Amplifier  |
|                        |  |  |                         |             |            | Output   |
| Individual Receiver Co |  |  |                         | V18         | OA2        | Voltage  |
| Front:                 | 1. Tuning D  |  |                         |             |            | Regulator  |
|                        | 2. Tuning Lo   | ock  |                         | V19         | 5R4GY      | Rectifier  |
|                        | Z. I dilling L.  | OCAR   |                         |             | 6AL5       | C-Rectifier  |

For data on other units, see individual specifications





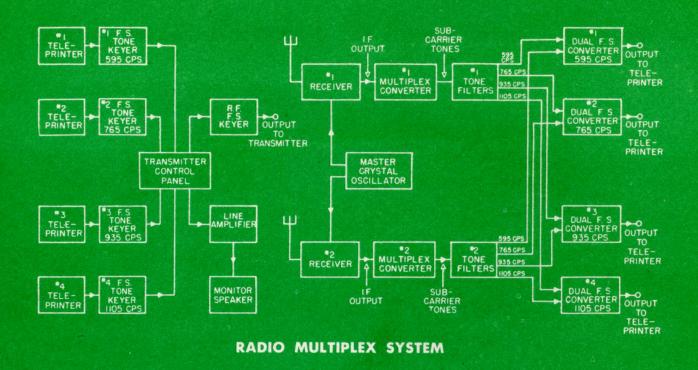




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Pace-Setters in Quality
Communication Equipment

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FREQUENCY SHIFT CONVERTERS
MULTI-CHANNEL TONE SYSTEMS
FREQUENCY SHIFT KEYERS
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LINE AMPLIFIERS
DEMODULATORS
TONE KEYERS



**PURPOSE:** The Type 133 Model 1 Multiplex System is principally used for transmitting and receiving radio teleprinter, telegraph, or other similar low speed keying intelligence, where a limited, assigned carrier bandwidth may be utilized for a total of four channels.

This Multiplex System is primarily designed to take advantage of periods of time when propogation conditions give signals which are better than the minimum required for one channel of normal frequency shift operation. As these conditions become apparent, simple operations of key switches will insert as many more channels as the conditions allow. For four channel operation, the system is designed to operate at a minimum bandwidth of approximately 2.5 KC, with provisions for easily increasing the bandwidth to any reasonable value. The System will provide four channel operation when propogation conditions warrant, and when more than the minimum bandwidth can be used, multi-channel may be used under correspondingly less favorable conditions. The operating bandwidth is set by a master control, and the switches at the transmitter and receiver control panels cut the various channels in or out and automatically maintain the bandwidth regardless of the number of channels in use. This feature serves to take full advantage of the available bandwidth at all times so that when conditions require dropping a channel, the remaining ones are proportionately improved. The System also provides switching to standard 850 cycle Frequency Shift operation when desired. However, experience indicates that when propogation conditions will permit frequency shift operation, they will usually permit at least two channels of Multiplex.

**DESCRIPTION:** The Type 133 Model 1 Radio Multiplex System is based on the principle of frequency modulation of four different audio frequencies. These are added together into a composite signal and made to linearly frequency modulate the carrier. The amount of carrier modulation is adjusted to accommodate the bandwidth required to be transmitted. The relationship of bandwidth and frequency deviation of the carrier is well known and can be evaluated for the usual operating conditions.

The carrier is received on two receivers operating in dual diversity by using properly spaced directive antennae. As in any other good receiving system, the use of spaced directive antennae cannot be over-emphasized in order to reduce the various types of fading. The receivers used are designed to receive high frequency injection voltage from a common crystal oscillator coupled into the receivers by low impedance (75 ohm) coaxial cables. This oscillator is also provided with BFO crystal oscillator for use on standard F. S. operation. Each receiver I.F. system is coupled into an individual multiplex converter consisting of limiters, linear discriminator and tone amplifier. The output of each multiplex converter will contain the original transmitted composite four tones. These are passed through band pass filters and separated into their individual frequency modulated tones. The pairs (one from each diversity chain) of the same tone frequencies are detected and combined in dual diversity in the Tone Converter, Type 107 Model 3 and each of the four converter outputs connected to the individual teleprinters or other printing devices as required.

The Type 133 Model 1 Radio Multiplex System consists of one transmitting rack and two receiving racks:

The Transmitting rack contains:

One Loud Speaker Panel, Type 113 Model 1 One Frequency Shift Keyer, Type 105 Model 3 Four Tone Keyers, Type 102 Model 4

One Line Amplifier, Type 103 Model 1

The four Tone Keyers are used at different tone channel frequencies and keyed with four different intelligences. The tone frequencies used are 595, 765, 935 and 1105 cps. The outputs of the Keyers are connected in parallel and the composite signal is coupled through a suitable control panel to modulate the F. S. Keyer. The output of the Keyer is used to excite any suitably powered CW transmitter and antenna system.

At the receiving site, two racks constitute a dual diversity multiplex system and contain the following equipment:

Receiving Rack:

One Speaker Panel, Type 113 Model 1 Two (Multiplex) Receivers, Type 141 Model 1 One Master Crystal Oscillator, Type 108 Model 1 One Receiver Patch Panel, Type 128 Model 1 Two Multiplex Converters, Type 121 Model 2 Multiplex Rack:

One Frequency Shift Converter, Type 107 Model 2 Four Frequency Shift Converters, Type 107 Model 3 Two Tone Filters, Type STF Model 2 One Multiplex Patch Panel, Type 129 Model 1

The receiving system can be connected so as to operate in dual diversity for any of the various modes of modulation (i.e. telephone, telegraph, frequency shift, etc.) on a single channel basis; however, its primary purpose is to operate as a multi-channel system.

# TECHNICAL DATA

Transmitter Rack

Type of Keying Signals: Relay contacts closing to

ground (Other methods available on request).

Keying Speed: 60 wpm each channel

Output Frequency Range —

F.S. Keyer: 2.4 to 6.5 mcs

Frequency Shift-F.S.

Keyer: Linear up to ± 6000 cps at

F. S. Keyer output

RF Output Power: Adjustable to 2 watts

RF Output Impedance: .......75 ohms (coaxial)

RF Stability: Better than plus or minus 80

cps for 50° C. temperature change; better than 80 cps for 10% line voltage change

Sub-Carrier Tones: ......595, 765, 935, 1105 cps

Sub-Carrier Shift: 80 cps

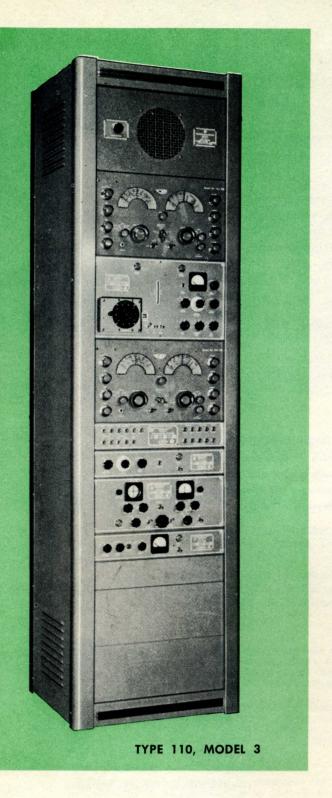
Sub-Carrier Tone Stability: 0.5%



| C.                  |  |                    |                                |
|---------------------|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| Size:               | All equipment is installed in                        |                    | b. Second detector out-        |
|                     | a closed relay rack 22" wide                         |                    | puts, either separate or       |
|                     | x 18" deep x 83" high                                |                    | common.                        |
|                     |  |                    |                                |
| Primary Power:      | 110/220 volts 50/60 cps                              | Metering:          | 1. Audio level meter           |
| Timary Tower.       | 110/220 voits 50/00 cps                              |                    | 2. AVC "S" meter               |
|                     |  |                    | 3. Limiter grid current        |
| Tube Complement:    | For complete list of tubes,                          |                    | 4. Discriminator zero center,  |
|                     | see individual instruction                           |                    | tuning meter                   |
|                     | book for each equipment.                             |                    | tuning meter                   |
|                     |  |                    |                                |
|                     |  | Primary Power      | 110/220 volts 50/60 cps        |
|                     | MIC BACK   | Timery Tower.      | 70/ 00 cps                     |
| RECEIV              | VING RACK  |                    |                                |
|                     |  | Size:              |                                |
| Frequency Range:    | 540 KC to 31 mcs in four                             |                    | high                           |
|                     | bands. For multiplex 2.4 to                          |                    | nign                           |
|                     | 31 mcs. Other bands avail-                           |                    |                                |
|                     | able on special models.                              | MUL                | TIPLEX RACK                    |
|                     |  |                    |                                |
|                     |  | Input Frequencies: | Two inputs, each containing    |
| RF Input to Antenna |  |                    | composited channels of 595,    |
| Terminals:          | 100 to 300 ohms, balanced                            |                    | 765, 935 and 1105 cps          |
|                     | or unbalanced  |                    |                                |
|                     |  |                    |                                |
|                     |  | Input Impedance:   | Two inputs, each of 600        |
| Sensitivity:        | 2 microvolts for signal to                           |                    | ohms unbalanced                |
|                     | noise ratio of 6/1.                                  |                    |                                |
|                     |  |                    |                                |
| Selectivity:        |  | Outputs:           |                                |
|                     | ± 100 cps (With Xtal                                 |                    | of driving a teleprinter in    |
|                     | filter)  |                    | the following modes:           |
|                     | b. Medium — 6 db down at                             |                    | 1. Polar DC pulses ± 30 ma     |
|                     | ± 4 KC   |                    | into 1800 ohm load             |
|                     | P 1 ( 11 1   |                    | 2. Neutral DC pulses of 60     |
|                     | c. Broad — 6 db down at                              |                    | ma in 1800 ohm load            |
|                     | ± 8 KC   |                    | 3. Polar or Neutral DC         |
|                     |  |                    | pulses into any impedance      |
| 0                   | r F Idial  |                    | within 100—100,000 ohms        |
| Output:             | 1. For multiplex use, two                            |                    |                                |
|                     | audio outputs are avail-<br>able, each 3 watts maxi- |                    | In addition to the four mul-   |
|                     |  |                    | tiplex teleprinter outputs, an |
|                     | mum, 600 ohms balanced<br>or unbalanced. The audio   |                    | additional teleprinter output  |
|                     | voltages are the frequency                           |                    | for standard F.S. signal is    |
|                     | shifted tones originating                            |                    | available.                     |
|                     | at the transmitter and                               |                    |                                |
|                     | super-imposed on each                                |                    |                                |
|                     | other.   | Metering:          | Teleprinter output current     |
|                     |  |                    | meter                          |
|                     | 0.7  |                    | Cathode ray oscillographic     |
|                     | 2. For normal dual diversity                         |                    | indicator for signal condition |
|                     | use the usual receiver out-                          |                    | in each channel                |
|                     | puts are available:                                  |                    |                                |
|                     |  |                    |                                |
|                     | a. Audio output either                               | Primary Power:     | 110/220 volts 50/60 cps        |
|                     | separate or diversity                                |                    |                                |
|                     | combined at the second                               |                    |                                |
|                     | detector; 600 ohms bal-                              | Size:              | 22" wide x 18" deep x 83"      |
|                     | anced or unbalanced.                                 |                    | high                           |









# DUAL DIVERSITY RECEIVER

The basic Type 110 Model 3 Receiver is an integral assembly of the following equipment:

- Two Specially designed Receivers with self-contained power supplies, Type 141.
- 2. One Master Crystal Oscillator, Type 108.
- 3. One IF monitoring panel, Type 111.
- 4. One Modulation Selector Panel, Type 112.

To the foregoing may be added, depending upon the service:

- One Frequency Shift Converter, Type 107.
   and/or
- 6. One Demodulator Unit, Type 104. and/or
- 7. One Tone Keyer, Type 102.

The Master Crystal Oscillator Type 108 may be replaced by a Variable Master Oscillator Type 115.

The high frequency and beat frequency oscillators of each receiver are supplied by the Master Oscillator so that reliable operation is secured without the necessity of periodic retuning of these units. This feature is particularly useful when conditions warrant the use of crystal filters in the receiving units, or when frequency-shift signals are received. Provision is made to operate the receiver units separately with their self-contained variable oscillators in a conventional manner where diversity reception is not desired.

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TONE KEYERS

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### TECHNICAL DATA

### NORTHERN RADIO DUAL DIVERSITY RECEIVER

Type 110, Model 3

Provision is also made for cross AVC action so that the receiver carrying the lesser signal may be muted. When used with the frequency shift converter, additional diversity advantage is obtained. The converter, being dual channel, limits the receiver signal, amplifies, rectifies and recombines each channel for diversity. DC amplifiers provide pulses for operating a tele-printer and for keying a tone keyer.

-

Frequency Range: ......540 kilocycles to 31 megacycles

in 4 bands.

proximately 500 watts

Primary Power: 110/220 volts 50/60 cycles ap-

RF Input Impedance: 100 to 300 ohm balanced

Sensitivity: 2 microvolts for signal/noise of

deep)

(84" high x 25" wide x 18"

6:1

Selectivity: ....

(a) Narrow: 6 db down at ±

100 cycles (with crystal filter)

(b) Medium: 6 db down at ± 3.5 kilocycles

(c) Broad: 6 db down at ±

8 kilocycles

Audio Fidelity: ..... ± 3 db for 50 to 8000 cps

(broad IF)

Output: (with associated

equipment) Neutral or Polar DC pulses,

tone etc.

Output Level: 8 watts maximum into 500 ohms

Controls: In addition to the normal con-

trols on the Receivers, the following are added:

to ming mit madeu.

1. Diversity-Local AVC switch

2. High Frequency Oscillator (Local- Crystal Switch)

3. AVC fast/slow (also controls Internal-External BFO)

4. Diode Load on-off Link

Tube Complement: For each receiver unit. (For tube complement of other units see individual specifications of each).

1—6SG7 1st RF Amplifier 1—6SG7 2nd RF Amplifier

1—6SA7 1st Detector

1—6SN7 RF Var. Oscillator 1—6SG7 1st IF Amplifier

1—6SG7 2nd IF Amplifier

1—6SG7 3rd IF Amplifier 1—6H6 2nd Detector & AVC

1—6SJ7 Var. B.F.O. 1—6AC7 AVC Amplifier

1—6AC7 AVC Amplifier
1—6H6 Noise Limiter

1—6SJ7 1st Audio Amplifier

1—6J5 Phase Inverter
2—6V6GT/G Output Amplifier

1—5U4G Rectifier

1-OD3/VR-150 Voltage Regulator

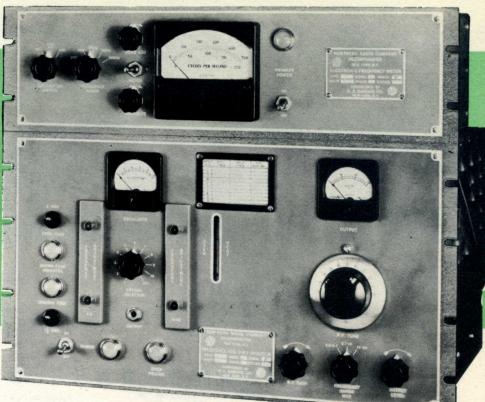
#### TRIPLE DIVERSITY RECEIVERS

Triple Diversity Receiver combinations are available and specifications will be supplied on request.





TYPE 106, MODEL 4A





# FREQUENCY AND SHIFT MONITOR SYSTEM

The Frequency and Shift Monitor System, Type 106 Model 4A is comprised of one Frequency and Shift Monitor, Type 106 Model 4, and one Electronic Frequency Meter, Type 127 Model 2.

The following are the specifications for the Type 106 Model 4 Monitor. For information concerning the Electronic Frequency Meter, Type 127 Model 2, consult the Meter's own specification.

**PURPOSE:** The Type 106 Model 4 Frequency and Shift Monitor is designed as a highly stable secondary standard to measure the frequency of radio transmitters, and also the amount of shift of the output carrier. This becomes particularly useful in measuring the frequency shift of a mark and space signal, either when setting up for traffic or while the transmitter is being keyed with the transmitted intelligence.

**DESCRIPTION:** The Type 106 Model 4 Frequency and Shift Monitor consists of a highly stable, temperature-controlled crystal oscillator and buffer, with provision for selecting one of ten crystals, or an external oscillator. Wide band amplifiers bring the oscillator output to a level suitable to drive a harmonic generator. Harmonics of the crystal frequencies are heterodyned with the amplified RF input signal. The difference frequency from the detector is then amplified to the required level.

Ten separate transmitters may be monitored for transmitter carrier frequency and for frequency shift. Additional transmitters may be monitored using external secondary standards. If the crystal frequencies are half-way between the mark and space frequencies, then the carrier frequency can be monitored while keying, by adjusting the transmitter frequency until the average frequency indicated by the Electronic Frequency Meter is constant, and the amount of frequency shift will be twice the frequency read on the meter. This method is par-

of frequency shift will be twice the frequency read on the meter. This method is particularly useful at low keying speeds such as teleprinter. Carrier frequency monitoring at higher keying speeds should be done aurally with a pair of head phones, by adjusting for single steady tone, and the amount of frequency shift will again be twice the frequency read on the Frequency Meter.

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# CAL

# NORTHERN RADIO FREQUENCY AND SHIFT MONITOR SYSTEM

Type 106, Model 4A

ranges:

| Frequency | Range: | 2.5 to | 30 | MCS | in three |
|-----------|--------|--------|----|-----|----------|
|           |        |        |    |     |          |

1. 2.5 to 5.7 MCS 2. 5.7 to 13.0 MCS 3. 13.0 to 30. MCS

Crystal Frequency

Range:

1.0 to 6.0 M.C.

Eleven Positions: - Ten crystal Frequency Selection: controlled frequencies with

added provisions for use of an external oscillator. Input connection for external oscillator is made with a coaxial chassis receptacle at rear of chassis.

Separate air dielectric trimmer Frequency Adjustment:

capacities for each of the ten crystals. Crystal frequency adjustments are made from the front panel after removal of two cover plates. These adjustments permit variation of crystal oscillator ± .002% (40 cycles

per M.C.).

Accommodate standard straight Crystal Sockets: pin crystal holders with 3/4" spacing such as Bliley MC-7,

Reves Hoffman RH-11, or Commercial Radio Equipment Co. DC-11.

Accommodates ten crystals. Crystal Oven: Oven temperature 60° C. nom-

inal.

Oven Temperature Control:

Mercury column thermostat operates a relay which controls the oven heater elements. An thermostat is emauxiliary ployed in the oven to prevent excessive temperature in the event of improper operation of the mercury column thermostat or heater element control relay.

Frequency Stability:

Using crystals having a temperature coefficient of three parts per million per degree Centigrade, the frequency variation does not exceed .0002% (2 cycles/MC) for any variation in line voltage from 105 to 130 volts AC, 60 cps, and does not exceed .0002% (2 cycles/MC) over an ambient temperature range of 0 to 50° C. after a 48 hour warm up period at room

temperature.

Frequency Shift Range: 10 to 10,000 cps.

100 millivolts or less required R.F. Input Level: to obtain 2 volts audio output. R.F. Input Impedance: .... Two Positions:

1. 50 ohm coaxial line to pick up point on transmitter or frequency shift exciter.

2. High impedance input 470,000 ohms shunted by approximately 20 mmfd.

Audio Output Level: 10 volts audio output capability (Open Circuit) Total harmonic

distortion does not exceed 10% with unit adjusted for 2 volts audio output.

Audio Output

Impedance:  $10,000 \text{ ohms} \pm 20\%$ .

Audio Output Connection:

Dimensions:

Headset jack on front panel and barrier type screw terminals on

rear of chassis.

Front Panel Controls and Indicators:

1. Primary Power Switch

Frequency Range Switch

Crystal Selector Switch

4. R.F. Tune Control

Output Level Control

6. R.F. Gain Control Oscillator Plate Current

Meter

8. Audio Output Level Meter 9. Oven Thermometer 10. Power "ON" Light (Red

Jewel)

Crystal Oven Light (Amber

Jewel)

12. Oven Fuse

13. Oven Blown Fuse Indicator

(Amber Jewel)

14. Chassis Fuse

15. Chassis Blown Fuse Indi-

cator (Amber Jewel)

Self-contained. 115 or 230 volts Power Supply:

AC 50/60 cycles, single phase. Approximately 90 watts with oven heater off.

Approximately 230 watts with

oven heaters on.

Standard 19" relay rack. Mounting:

19" wide x 101/2" high x 14" deep.

6SN7-Crystal Oscillator and Tube Complement:

Buffer

6AU6-Wide Band Amplifier 6AQ5-Wide Band Amplifier 6AH6-Frequency Multiplier

6AU6—Input Amplifier 6AH6—R.F. Amplifier 6AL5-Detector

6AQ5-Audio Amplifier OB2-Voltage Regulator

5Y3GT-Power Supply Rectifier

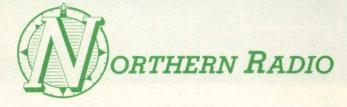








TYPE 127 MODEL 2



# ELECTRONIC FREQUENCY METER

**PURPOSE:** The Type 127 Model 2 Electronic Frequency Meter is a precision, self-contained instrument used to measure audio frequency independent of amplitude or wave form.

This unit is particularly designed as a companion unit for the Type 106 Frequency and Shift Monitor, and the special features incorporated make it unusually well suited for many laboratory and other measuring applications. Its accuracy is 2% of full scale for the ranges 0-200, 500, 2000, 5000, 20,000 cps. The meter is designed with a normal or a critical damping factor, selected by a front panel switch. When on the fast, or critical damping setting, the meter will follow teleprinter mark to space keying frequencies, so that a transmitter carrier can be adjusted to the center of the mark and space frequencies within a few cycles, when beat against a suitable crystal in a monitor. This feature makes it possible for this unit to be used for monitoring the transmitter RF output carrier frequency and for measuring the amount of frequency shift on the carrier while it is being keyed with teleprinter intelligence. The Frequency and Shift Monitor System Type 106 specification describes this combined feature. This critical damping feature is also useful in many other applications where rapid follow of frequency variations is required.

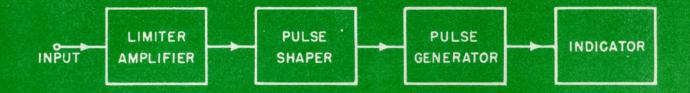
**DESCRIPTION:** The Type 127 Model 2 Electronic Frequency Meter incorporates a novel pulse rate counter circuit which can be calibrated to high accuracy. The original calibration is maintained indefinitely, independent of aging of tubes or line voltage changes.

The Frequency Meter consists of a multistage amplitude limiter and pulse shaper; the shaped pulses trip a pulse generator which generates nearly perfect rectangular pulses whose repetition rate is the same as the applied unknown frequency and whose duration is constant for a given range switch setting of the Frequency Meter. The DC component of the generated pulses is, therefore, precisely directly proportional to the pulse repetition rate, permitting the use of a DC meter linearly calibrated in cps.

The Frequency Meter with self-contained power supply is constructed for standard 19-inch relay rack mounting, occupying 51/4 inch panel space.

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POWER

### TECHNICAL DATA

# NORTHERN RADIO ELECTRONIC FREQUENCY METER

Type 127, Model 2

| Input Level:     | 1.0 to 100 V.                            | Metering:             | Input freque | ency indicated by 4" er.   |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------|--|
| Input Impedance: | 100,000 ohms, one side<br>grounded       | Primary Power:        | 110/220 vol  | $\pm 10\% 50/60 \text{ cps}$   |
| Frequency Range: | 1. 0 — 200 cps                           | Dimensions:           | 51/4" high   | x 14" deep x 19"   |
| rrequency Range. | 2. 0 — 500 cps                           |                       |              |  |
|                  | 3. 0 — 2,000 cps                         | Weight:               | Approx. 23   | pounds   |
|                  | 4. 0 — 5,000 cps                         |                       |              |  |
|                  | 5. 0 — 20,000 cps                        | Tube Complement:      | 1—6SN7       | Limiter Amplifier  |
|                  |  | THE PARTY SHEET PARTY | 1—6SN7       | Pulse Shaper &   |
|                  | manager production of the last beautiful |                       |              | Limiter Amplifier  |
| Accuracy:        | ± 2% of full scale for all ranges        |                       | 1—6SN7       | Pulse Generator  |
|                  |  |                       | 1—5Y3GT      | Rectifier  |
| Controls:        | 1. Primary power switch                  |                       | 1—VR75       | Voltage Regulator  |
|                  | 2. Frequency Range switch                |                       | 1-6SH7       | Limiter Amplifier  |
|                  | 3. Zero adjustment                       |                       | 1—6SF5       | Reg. Amplifier   |
|                  | 4. Calibration switch                    |                       | 1—6Y6G       | The state of the same of the s |
|                  | 5. Calibration control                   |                       |              | Reg. Tube  |
|                  | 6. Meter Fast-Slow switch                |                       | 1-12-4       | Current regulator  |

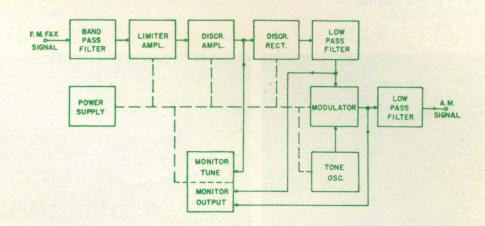




#### RADIO FACSIMILE

This Converter is used in Radio Facsimile or Telephoto Receiver systems to convert the incoming frequency shift signals into amplitude modulated tones. These modulated tones are applied to photo or Fax recorders requiring this type of input signal.

It is a single channel unit for use with single receiver systems. The frequency modulated tone input is limited, amplified, rectified into pulses and amplitude modulates a tone oscillator. This unit is provided with an oscilloscope tuning monitor which indicates the proper receiver adjustment and a pattern of the image pulse signals.



| Input Impedance:        | 600 ohms balanced   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Input Level:            | -10 to +30 VU (0 VU equal 1 MW)                           |
| Input Frequency         |   |
| Deviation:              | ± 500 cps centered about 2550 cps                         |
| Output Distortion:      | Converter response is linear within $\pm$ 2.5%.           |
| Pix Band Width:         | 1800 cps approx.  |
| Tuning Indicator:       | Two inch cathode ray tube                                 |
| Metering:               | Output level indication by $2^{1}/_{2}^{"}$ square meter. |
| Controls:               |   |
| 1. Primary power switch | 6. Monitoring sensitivity                                 |
| 2. Monitoring switch    | 7. Monitoring vertical centering                          |

3. Monitoring intensity

5. Monitoring horizontal centering

4. Monitoring focus

| ilcii c | attrode ray tube             |
|---------|------------------------------|
|         | el indication by 2½"         |
| mete    | er.                          |
| 6.      | Monitoring sensitivity       |
| 7.      | Monitoring vertical centerin |
| 8.      | Output level pad             |
| 9.      | Density control              |

.2000 cps ± 10% tone amplitude Output: modulated by picture signals. Output Impedance: .......600 ohms balanced Output Level: ......Adjustable from -45 VU to approximately +10 VU. Power Requirements: ....110/220 volts plus or minus 10% 50/60 cps. Standard 19" WE relay rack Mounting: 19" wide x 7" high x 14" deep Dimensions: Approximately 40 lbs. Weight: Tube Complement: 1—6SL7GT Limiter Amplifier 1-2AP1-A Monitor 1-6SN7GT Tone Amplifier 1-6SL7GT Monitor Amplifier 2-5Y3GT Rectifier Power Supply 2-6H6GT/G Discriminator Tone Oscillator 1-6SL7GT Monitor Pulse Generator 1 - 6J5

Tone Mod. P.A.

1—6SN7GT



### MASTER CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR

#### TYPE 108, MODEL 1

This unit replaces, with common crystal controlled signals, the high frequency and beat frequency oscillators of single or diversity receivers. Any one of four crystals may be selected in the high frequency oscillator, and either of two crystals in the BF oscillator. The high frequency oscillator is followed by a tuned buffer stage, and all outputs from the unit are on low impedance coaxial lines. A front panel control permits varying the output of the HF oscillator at least ± 50 cycles for alignment with the incoming signal.

Output:

75 ohms adjustable to 10 volts. RF: 2 to 30 megacycles. IF: 425 to 475 Kc.

# CHANNEL TONE **FILTERS**

Channel Tone Filters are designed for use in multichannel carrier telegraph systems where their function is generally to separate into single frequencies the complex voltage transmitted by the system. They consist of band pass filter networks with a common input and separate outputs, one output for each standard frequency.

Frequency Range: All tone channel frequencies

throughout normal audio trans-

mission spectrum.

Dependent on bandwidth. Keying Speed: 600 ohms input and output. Impedance: ... Input Level: ... Usually +6 db maximum.

Output Level: Usually -4 db for maximum

input.

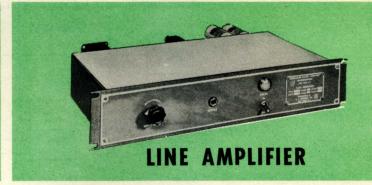


### INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY MONITOR

#### TYPE 111, MODEL 1

The IF Monitor is used with diversity reception to sample the Intermediate Frequency of each individual receiver. It is particularly useful in tuning each receiver accurately to CW, ICW or phone signals when no receiver BFO is used.

It consists of an IF oscillator which is heterodyned with the sample from the receiver to produce a beat tone. The beat is amplified to headphone level for monitoring purposes.



#### TYPE 103, MODEL 1

A general purpose line amplifier for communications work, featuring flat frequency response, low noise and distortion.

Input and Output

Impedance: (600 ohms balanced; 150 ohms

unbalanced).

Transmission Gain: 46 VU.

For rated output of +23 VU
-23 VU to +23 VU. Input Level:

Distortion: Less than 1% at rated output

level.

Noise Level: 80 VU below rated output.  $\pm$  1 db 100 to 10,000 cps. Frequency Response:





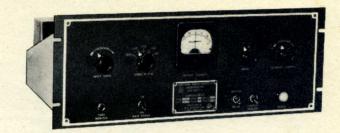


### TONE KEYER

TYPE 102, MODEL 1

A complete, compact, flexible and versatile tone keyer. Provided with a stable RC oscillator which generates standard tones of 425, 765, 1105, 1445, 1785 and 2125 cps. A balanced output stage provides for various types of keying of any one of the above tones or of an injected external tone.

| Keying Input     | 1. Relay contacts.   |
|------------------|--|
|                  | 2. Amplitude modulated (keyed) tone, 300 to 10,000 cps.                  |
|                  | <ol><li>DC pulses, positive or negative,<br/>polar or neutral.</li></ol> |
| Input Level      | 1. Audio — 0 db.   |
|                  | 2 DC: ± 10 volts.  |
|                  | 3. DC current pulses ± 30 ma polar or 60 ma neutral.                     |
| Output Impedance | 600 ohms balanced H pad.   |
| Keying Speed     | up to 1000 words per minute (limited by tone frequency used).            |



# DEMODULATOR

TYPE 104, MODEL 3,

This equipment is used in communication systems where intelligence is transmitted by means of amplitude modulated tones. It converts these tones to DC pulses and its output is capable of operating a teleprinter, tape recorder, or other DC operated device. The unit consists of a tone amplifier driving a full wave rectifier, operating into a pair of DC amplifiers.

| Pint of B     | o uniprincis.  |
|---------------|--|
| Input Tone:   | Any single amplitude modulated tone (Keyed) between 400 and 10,000 cps.  |
| Input Level:  | —20 to +30 VU.   |
| Output:       | <ol> <li>Neutral DC pulses of 60 ma in 1800 ohm external load, one side grounded.</li> <li>Polar DC pulses of ± 30 ma in 1800 ohm external load, center grounded.</li> <li>May be operated into any impedance from 100 to 100,000 ohms.</li> </ol> |
| Keying Speed: | Up to 600 w.p.m.   |

# LOW FREQUENCY SHIFT KEYER

This equipment was designed to meet the requirements of a simple, flexible, yet highly stable, Frequency Shift Keyer, to operate in the 50 to 500 Kilocycle region. The low output frequencies are derived by first generating a basic 2 MC frequency from a 1.8 MC crystal oscillator, and a 200 KC reactance tube oscillator. The 2 MC basic frequency is heterodyned with a frequency determining crystal oscillator in the range of 2050 to 2500 KC, to produce the output frequency of 50 to 500 KC.

One of the many features of this equipment is the absence of circuit tuning controls. Changing frequency requires simply changing the selector switch to the crystal for the desired frequency. All subsequent circuits are low pass and require no adjustment.

FrequencyShift: 50-650 cps.

Output Power: 2 watts.

Keying Signal: DC pulses 30 to 100 volts polar or neutral, positive or negative.

Keying Speed: 150 w.p.m.



TYPE 109, MODEL 1

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